## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO WESTERN DIVISION AT DAYTON

JOHN PAUL WEBER, III, : Case No. 3:10-cv-49

Petitioner,

: District Judge Walter H. Rice

vs. Magistrate Judge Michael J. Newman

WARDEN, WARREN :

CORRECTIONAL FACILITY,

Respondent. :

ORDER CONSTRUING DOCUMENT 14 AS A MOTION FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME AND A NOTICE OF APPEAL; GRANTING THE MOTION FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN NUNC PRO TUNC; AND FINDING PETITIONER HAS TIMELY FILED HIS NOTICE OF APPEAL

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This matter is before the Court on remand from the Sixth Circuit pursuant to Judge Martin's Order "for the limited purpose of determining whether the notice of appeal [filed in this *pro se* 28 U.S.C. § 2254 *habeas corpus* case] should be treated as a Rule 4(a)(5) motion for an extension of time, and if appropriate, for a ruling on the motion." Doc. 17. On April 11, 2012, this Court dismissed Plaintiff's petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* and entered judgment in favor of Respondent. *See* docs. 12, 13. In that Order, the Court granted Petitioner a certificate of appealability on his first ground for relief and leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal. *See* doc. 12. Pursuant to Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(1)(A), Petitioner's notice of appeal was due to be filed on or before May 11, 2012.

On June 6, 2012, Petitioner filed a letter (doc. 14) that was construed by this Court as a notice of appeal. In light of Judge Martin's Order, the Court now finds that Petitioner's letter (doc. 14) should be treated also as a Rule 4(a)(5) motion for an extension of time to file a notice of appeal. The motion was timely filed within the thirty-day period set forth in Rule 4(a)(5) (*i.e.*,

filed on or before June 10, 2012), and based on the reasons cited in Judge Martin's Order,

Petitioner has shown the necessary good cause. See Fed. R. App. P. 4(a)(5)(A). Accordingly,

the Court **GRANTS** Petitioner a thirty-day extension to file a notice of appeal pursuant to Rule

4(a)(5) nunc pro tunc.

The Court further finds that Petitioner's letter (doc. 14) satisfies the requirements for a

notice of appeal under Fed. R. App. P. 3(c)(1): it identifies the party taking the appeal; it

designates the Order that is being appealed; and it identifies the Sixth Circuit as the court to which

the appeal is taken. Accord Fed. R. App. P. 3(c)(4) (clarifying that notices of appeal are liberally

construed). Accordingly, Petitioner's letter shall constitute a notice of appeal, which the Court

deems timely filed.

August 3, 2012

**s/Michael J. Newman**United States Magistrate Judge

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